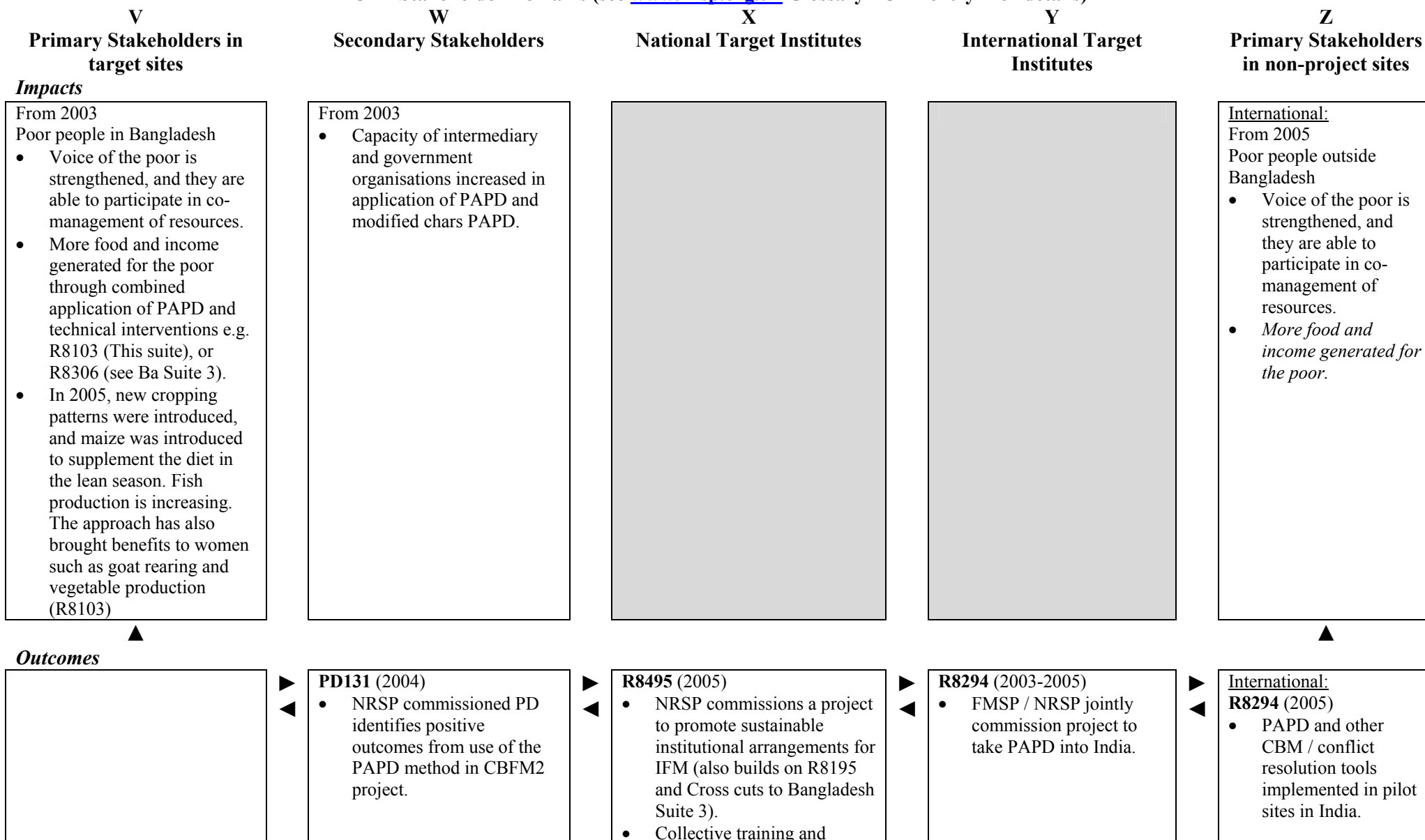


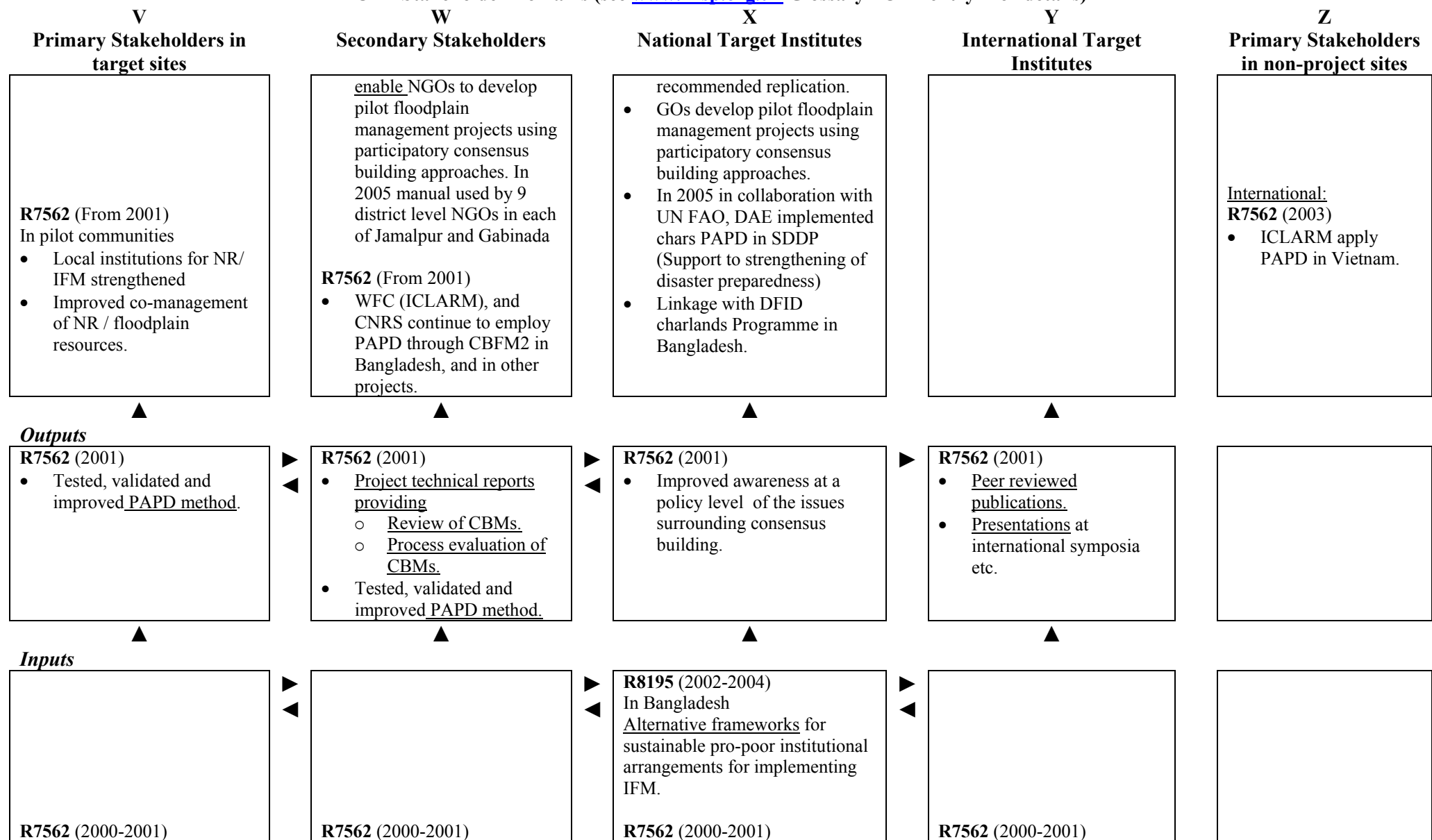
CIM Stakeholder Domains (see [www.nrsp.org.uk](http://www.nrsp.org.uk) Glossary - CIM entry - for details)



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V Primary Stakeholders in target sites	W Secondary Stakeholders	X National Target Institutes	Y International Target Institutes	Z Primary Stakeholders in non-project sites
<p><b>PD114/R8223</b> (2002-2004)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PAPD implemented outside original (R7562) pilot sites in Bangladesh.</li> <li>(Internal project monitoring <u>documents</u> impacts of PAPD on the poor).</li> </ul> <p><b>R8103</b> (2002-2005) Charland communities in Bangladesh</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PAPD implemented.</li> <li>Ability of poor community members to participate in NR management is raised.</li> <li>Technical NR management interventions provide livelihood benefits.</li> <li>(<u>Participatory monitoring systems</u> evaluate the impact of PAPD).</li> </ul>	<p><b>PD114/R8223</b> (2002-2004)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NRSP commissions project to develop a <u>PAPD training kit</u> to promote the scaling up of PAPD, and <u>communications materials</u> for national and international awareness raising.</li> <li>Capacity of facilitators from different organisations to implement / conduct PAPD developed.</li> <li>(Internal project monitoring <u>documents</u> adoption of PAPD).</li> </ul> <p><b>R8103</b> (2002-2005)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NRSP commissions project with ITDG-B to adapt and promote PAPD to new situations (Char communities in Bangladesh), and to evaluate the institutions needed to support and sustain implementation of NR management plans arising from PAPD.</li> <li><u>Charlands PAPD manual and training materials</u></li> </ul>	<p><u>communications materials for IFM (R8306/PAPD) / IFM institutional options</u></p> <p><b>PD114/R8223</b> (2002-2004)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Key meso level decision makers aware of PAPD.</li> </ul> <p><b>R8103</b> (2002-2005)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Government agents at study sites communicate the needs of the poor.</li> <li>Awareness of key policy makers of need to provide institutional support to the poor is raised. E.g. in 2004, the State Minister for Planning was continuously informed by local NGOs, government administration and villagers on the Nandina waterbody management process and he has</li> </ul>	<p><b>PD114/R8223</b> (2002-2004)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PAPD <u>good practice booklet and website</u> inform broad audience.</li> </ul> <p><b>R8103</b> (2006)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Book published. <u>Voices from the margins: consensus building with the poor in Bangladesh.</u></li> </ul>	<p><b>R8103 (2004)</b> Non pilot site communities in Bangladesh</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The consensus building process is replicated in two adjacent char villages with minimal support from ITDG-B</li> </ul>

**CIM Stakeholder Domains** (see [www.nrsp.org.uk](http://www.nrsp.org.uk) Glossary - CIM entry - for details)



NRSP: Uptake Promotion Suites - Impact Pathways		Node:	Bangladesh	Suite	1	Page 4 of 4
Suite Scope	<b>Improving NRM through promotion of consensus building method (CBM) – participatory action plan development (PAPD), and institutions favouring participation</b>					

**CIM Stakeholder Domains (see [www.nrsp.org.uk](http://www.nrsp.org.uk) Glossary - CIM entry - for details)**

V Primary Stakeholders in target sites	W Secondary Stakeholders	X National Target Institutes	Y International Target Institutes	Z Primary Stakeholders in non-project sites
With Communities in Bangladesh <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Action research to test and develop PAPD method.</li> </ul>	With Intermediary / NGOs in Bangladesh <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Action research to test and develop PAPD method.</li> <li>Review of CBM in / out Bangladesh, and application to NRM.</li> <li>Process evaluation of CBM.</li> <li>Comparative analysis / synthesis / dissemination.</li> </ul>	With GOs in Bangladesh <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Action research to test and develop PAPD method.</li> <li>Workshops to develop and disseminate PAPD.</li> </ul> <b>R6756 (1996-1999)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><u>Project technical reports</u> on livelihood strategies and resource use patterns in floodplain production systems in Bangladesh.</li> <li><u>Proto-type consensus building method.</u></li> </ul>	With international organisations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ICLARM (now WFC) through CBFM2, and other multi-lateral organisations participate in workshops to develop and disseminate PAPD.</li> </ul>	

<b>Projects referred to in Impact Pathway</b>					
<i>R No</i>	<i>PS</i>	<i>Short Title</i>	<i>Start date</i>	<i>End date</i>	<i>Lead Organisation</i>
R8495	LW	Promoting sustainable institutions for IFM	01-Jul-05	31-Oct-05	CNRS
R8294	LW	Fisheries conflicts management	01-Jul-03	31-Mar-05	WFC
R8223	LW	A learning and communications programme for the PAPD methodology	01-Nov-02	28-Feb-04	ITAD Ltd
R8195	LW	Institutional environments for IFM, Bangladesh	01-Aug-02	31-Mar-04	ITAD Ltd
R8103	LW	CHAR consensus building	01-Feb-02	31-Mar-05	ITDG
R7562	LW	Consensus building in CPRs	01-Jan-00	31-Mar-01	Univ Newcastle
R6756	LW	Bangladesh floodplain production systems - Phase II	01-Nov-96	01-Nov-99	Univ Newcastle
PD114	LW	Promotion of output of R7562	01-Apr-02	30-Sep-02	ITAD Ltd
PD131	LW	PAPD evidence of effectiveness	01-Jan-04	30-Jun-04	NRSP